## Geometry Test Study Guide

Fill in the missing information about lines in the chart below:

| Name         | Definition                | Picture |
|--------------|---------------------------|---------|
|              | A part of a line that has |         |
|              | one endpoint and goes     |         |
|              | on and on in the other    |         |
|              | direction.                |         |
|              |                           |         |
| Line Segment |                           |         |
|              |                           |         |
|              |                           | ← → →   |
|              |                           | *       |
|              |                           |         |
|              |                           |         |
|              | An exact location in      |         |
|              | space with no length,     |         |
|              | no width and no height.   |         |
|              |                           |         |



Use the diagram below to answer the next questions.

## Circle all the statements that are TRUE.

Line F is perpendicular to Line Q.

Line M is parallel to line F.

Line Q intersects Line M.

Line R is parallel to Line Q.

Line M intersects Line F.

Line F is perpendicular to Line R.

Line R is perpendicular to Line M.

.....

## Circle all the statements about quadrilaterals that are FALSE.

A square is a special kind of rhombus and rectangle.

A quadrilateral has 3 or more sides and vertices.

A parallelogram has 2 sets of opposite sides that are parallel and congruent.

A rectangle has only 2 right angles.

A trapezoid is not a quadrilateral.

A square has 4 equal sides.

| Name          | Definition  | Drawing |
|---------------|---|---------|
| Quadrilateral |   |         |
|               | A quadrilateral with 2<br>sets of opposite sides<br>that are parallel and<br>congruent. |         |
|               |   |         |
| Square        |   |         |
|               | A quadrilateral with<br>exactly one set of<br>opposite sides that are<br>parallel.      |         |
| Rhombus       |   |         |

Fill in the missing information about quadrilaterals in the chart below:

Name the following 3D shapes and tell how many faces, edges and vertices they each have.

| Name:               |  |
|---------------------|--|
| Number of faces:    |  |
| Number of edges:    |  |
| Number of vertices: |  |
|                     |  |
|                     |  |
| Name:               |  |
| Number of faces:    |  |
| Number of edges:    |  |
| Number of vertices: |  |
|                     |  |
|                     |  |
| Name:               |  |
| Number of faces:    |  |
| Number of edges:    |  |
| Number of vertices: |  |
|                     |  |



| Name:               |
|---------------------|
| Number of faces:    |
| Number of edges:    |
| Number of vertices: |

|        | Name:<br>Number of faces:<br>Number of edges: |  |
|--------|---|--|
|        | Number of vertices:                           |  |
|        |   |  |
| ^      | Name:   |  |
|        | Number of faces:                              |  |
| 6      | Number of edges:                              |  |
| $\sim$ | Number of vertices:                           |  |